

Endpoint levels of biological organization are highlighted: cellular and molecular (green); individual (without color); population, community, and ecosystem (yellow).

Supplementary Table 1. Total arsenic effective concentrations (EC_x) and the properties of soils under study

Study	SO	Soil properties			Species	EP	TD	As _{total} (mg kg ⁻¹)		
		pH	CEC (cmol ₊ kg ⁻¹)	OM (%)				EC ₁₀	EC ₂₅	EC ₅₀
Invertebrates: Worms										
Bustos et al. (2015)	Chile	5.7-7.6	NA	0.7-4.9	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	CQ	28	8	14	22
Microorganisms										
Nordgren et al. (1986)	Sweden	3.5-5.0a	NA	NA	Native microbes	FG	NAP	-	-	200
Wang et al. (2020)	China	4.6-8.2	8.1-22	0.5-5.3	Native microbes	ACP K _a	<1	20	-	184
						ACP V _{max}	<1	49	-	438
						ALP K _a	<1	42	-	378
						ALP V _{max}	<1	36	-	327
						BG K _a	<1	29	-	259
						BG V _{max}	<1	41	-	369
						DHA K _a	<1	30	-	266
						DHA V _{max}	<1	32	-	285
						Mean	35	-	313	
						Microbe mean	35	-	257	

CEC: cation exchange capacity; EP: endpoint; NA: not available; NAP: not applicable (field observations); native microbes: biological response is attributed to several soil microorganism taxa (i.e., archaea, bacteria, actinomycete, algae, fungi, and protozoa); OM: organic matter; SO: soil origin; TD: test duration (days).

ACP K_a: acid phosphatase catalytic efficiency; ACP V_{max}: acid phosphatase maximum reaction rate; ALP K_a: alkaline phosphatase catalytic efficiency; ALP V_{max}: alkaline phosphatase maximum reaction rate; BG K_a: β-glucosidase catalytic efficiency; BG V_{max}: β-glucosidase maximum reaction rate; CQ: cocoon quantity; DHA K_a: dehydrogenase catalytic efficiency; DHA V_{max}: dehydrogenase maximum reaction rate; FG: functional groups. ^aEstimate based on illustrations.

Supplementary Table 2. Total copper effective concentrations (EC_x) and the properties of soils under study

Study	SO	Soil properties			Species	EP	TD	Cu _{total} (mg kg ⁻¹)		
		pH	CEC (cmol ₊ kg ⁻¹)	OM (%)				EC ₁₀	EC ₂₅	EC ₅₀
Plants										
Hamels et al. (2014)	Sweden	5.0-6.1	9-16	12.1	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (Barley)	SH DW	14	-	-	1260
Kolbas et al. (2014)	France	7.0-7.5	3.1-19	1.5-7.8	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> (Sunflower)	CC	28	151	-	759
						ChlTot	28	138	-	691
						EL	28	912	-	-
						LA	28	282	-	954
						R DW	28	155	-	677
						SH DW	28	323	-	717
						TLA	28	395	-	-
						WC	28	620	-	-
Verdejo et al. (2015)	Chile	5.7-7.6	NA	0.7-5.8	<i>Lolium perenne</i> (Perennial ryegrass)	Mean		372	-	760
						R L	21	500	765	1031
						SH L	21	327	735	1144
						Mean		414	750	1088

Verdejo et al. (2016)	Chile	5.7-7.6	NA	0.7-5.8	<i>Lactuca sativa</i> (Lettuce)	SH L	21	445	955	1805					
Mondaca et al. (2017)	Chile	5.7-7.6	NA	0.7-5.8	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	21	607	900	1230					
						SH L	21	908	1328	1802					
						R DW	62	363	593	853					
						SH DW	62	454	616	798					
						SH L	62	569	720	889					
						Mean		580	831	1114					
						SH DW	21	161	298	452					
Kolbas et al. (2018)	France	5.9-7.2	2.7-3.2	1.2-1.5	<i>Brassica rapa</i> (Turnip)	SH L	21	197	352	526					
						R L	42	412	598	809					
						SH DW	42	254	372	506					
						SH L	42	245	419	616					
						SPQ	42	297	383	480					
						Mean		261	404	565					
Plants															
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> (Sunflower)	ChlTot	28	51	-	329					
						R DW	28	74	-	203					
						SH DW	28	166	-	333					
						SH L	28	355	-	407					
						TAC	28	23	-	301					
						TLA	28	201	-	335					
						Mean		145	-	318					
						Plant mean		369	735	987					
Invertebrates															
a. Nematodes															
Liu et al. (2018)	China	7.2	18	3.2	<i>Folsomia fimetaria</i>	ACE R	NAP	275 ^c	-	-					
						S-WD	NAP	400 ^c	-	-					
						Mean		338	-	-					
b. Springtails															
Scott-Fordsmand et al. (2000a)	Denmark	6.1-7.1	10-13	3.9-5.5	<i>Folsomia candida</i>	FPZ	NAP	643	-	-					
						JQ	21	2463 ^d	-	-					
Liu et al. (2018)	China	7.2	18	3.2	<i>Folsomia quadrioulate</i>	FPZ	NAP	31	-	153					
						BL	28	68	-	-					
						JQ	28	21	-	135					
						SV	28	355	-	1560					
						Mean		148	-	848					
					<i>Sinella curviseta</i>	FPZ	NAP	52	-	258					
						BL	28	880	-	-					
						JQ	28	26	-	174					
						SV	28	645	-	3089					
						Mean		517	-	1632					
Springtail mean															
278															
723															

c. Worms															
Scott-Fordmand et al. (2000b)	Denmark	6.5-7.0	NA	NA	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	CQ	21	248	-	517					
						NRRT	21	69	-	163					
						Mean		159	-	340					
Van Zwieten et al. (2004)	Australia	6.6-6.9	NA	3.3-12	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	AT	2	-	-	131 ^a					
Maraldo et al. (2006)	Denmark	NA	NA	NA	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	14	99	-	439					
Konečný et al. (2014)	Zambia	5.1-6.9	3.5-15	1.7-15	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	28	-	-	351					
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	Native earthworms	FPZ	NAP	110	-	-					
Delgadillo et al. (2017)	Chile	5.7-8.3	NA	0.7-10	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	AT	2	-	-	213					
Mirmonsef et al. (2017)	Denmark	NA	NA	NA	<i>Aporrectodea tuberculata</i>	CQ	21	-	-	220					
							42	-	-	220 ^d					
							63	-	-	450 ^d					
						Worm mean		123	-	282					
Microorganisms															
Baath et al. (1991)	Sweden	NA	NA	NA	Native microbes	SIR + ATP	<1	-	-	2500 ^d					
Sauvé (2006)	Denmark	6.0-7.1	NA	3.7-5.1	Native microbes	SOM D	NAP	154	193 ^b	285					
Arthur et al. (2012)	Denmark	6.1-6.6	NA	2.7-5.1	Native microbes	DHA	<1	-	-	542					
						FDA	<1	-	-	521					
						Mean		-	-	532					
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	Native microbes	DHA	NA	350 ^c	-	-					
						FDA	NA	800	-	-					
						Mean		575	-	-					
						Microbe mean		365	-	408					
a. Archaea/Bacteria															
Mertens et al. (2010)	Denmark	5.2-5.9	6.7	3.6	AOA and AOB	PNR	4	-	-	2060 ^d					
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	Native bacteria	ACE R	NAP	170	-	-					
						S-W D	NAP	170	-	-					
						Mean		170	-	-					
b. Fungi															
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	Native fungi	ACE R	NAP	800	-	-					
						S-W D	NAP	2370	-	-					
						Mean		1585	-	-					
Soil properties															
Naveed et al. (2014)	Denmark	5.9-6.6	NA	3.3-6.0	Physical properties	AP	NAP	320	-	-					
						SWR	NAP	275	-	-					
						GD	NAP	200 ^c	-	-					
						R-R α	NAP	260 ^c	-	-					
						R-R β	NAP	170 ^c	-	-					
						TPO	NAP	320 ^c	-	-					
						Mean		275	-	-					
					Chemical properties	OC	NAP	290 ^c	-	-					
						TN	NAP	470	-	-					
						TP	NAP	225	-	-					
						Mean		348	-	-					
						Soil properties mean		311	-	-					

CEC: cation exchange capacity; EP: endpoint; NA: not available; NAP: not applicable (field observations); native microbes: biological response is attributed to several soil microorganism taxa (i.e., archaea, bacteria, actinomycete, algae, fungi, and protozoa); OM: organic matter; SO: soil origin; TD: test duration (days).

ACE R: ACE richness; AOA and AOB: ammonia-oxidizing archaea and ammonia-oxidizing bacteria community; AP: air permeability; AT: avoidance test; BL: body length; SWR: Soil water retention; CC: carotenoid content; Chla/Chlb: chlorophyll a/chlorophyll b ratio; ChlTot: total chlorophyll content; CQ: cocoon quantity; DHA: dehydrogenase activity; EL: epicotyl length; FDA: fluorescein diacetate hydrolysis; FPZ: field population size; GD: gas diffusivity; JQ: juvenile quantity; LA: leaf asymmetry; LL: leaf length; NRRT: neutral-red retention time; OC: organic carbon; PC: plant cover; PNR: potential nitrification rate; R DW: root dry weight; R L: root length; R-R a: soil pore size distribution (Rosin-Rammler a); R-R β: soil pore size distribution (Rosin-Rammler β); SH DW: shoot dry weight; SH L: shoot length; SIR + ATP: substrate induced respiration and ATP content; SO: soil origin; SOM D: soil organic matter decomposition; SPQ: seeds pods quantity; SR: species richness; SV: survival; S-W D: Shannon-Wiener diversity index; TAC: total antioxidant capacity; TLA: total leaf area; TN: total nitrogen; TP: total phosphorus; TPO: total porosity; WC: water content.

^aMean value for several soils. ^bEC₂₀ instead of EC₂₅. (not included in the mean). ^cEstimate based on illustrations. ^dNot considered for mean calculation.

Supplementary Table 3. Extractable, soluble, and free copper ion effective concentrations (EC_x)

Study	Species	EP	TD	Extractant	Cu _{extractable} (mg kg ⁻¹)	Cu _{soluble} (µg L ⁻¹)			pCu ²⁺							
					EC ₅₀	EC ₁₀	EC ₂₅	EC ₅₀	EC ₁₀	EC ₂₅	EC ₅₀					
Plants																
Hamels et al. (2014)	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (Barley)	SH DW	14	0.0155 M Cohex, SSR: NA	50	-	-	-	-	-	-					
				1 M NH ₄ NO ₃ , SSR: 1/2.5	8.9	-	-	-	-	-	-					
				0.05 M EDTA, SSR: 1/2.5	930	-	-	-	-	-	-					
				0.001 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/10	-	-	-	390	-	-	-					
				C _{DGT}	-	-	-	40	-	-	-					
Kolbas et al. (2014)	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> (Sunflower)			CC	28	Pore water	-	114	-	571	7.3	-	6.6			
				Chla/Chlb	28	Pore water	-	-	-	7.3	-	6.6				
				ChlTot	28	Pore water	-	104	-	524	7.4	-	6.7			
				EL	28	Pore water	-	728	-	-	-	-	-			
				LA	28	Pore water	-	-	-	6.7	-	5.7				
				LL	28	Pore water	-	-	-	6.5	-	-				
				R DW	28	Pore water	-	118	-	590	7.3	-	6.5			
				SH DW	28	Pore water	-	261	-	607	7.0	-	5.2			
				SH L	28	Pore water	-	-	-	608	-	-	-			
				TLA	28	Pore water	-	312	-	-	-	-	6.9			
				WC	28	Pore water	-	538	-	-	-	-	6.4			
Kolbas et al. (2018)	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> (Sunflower)			Mean			-	311	-	580	7.1	-	6.3			
				R DW	28	Pore water	-	-	-	290	-	-	-			
				SH DW	28	Pore water	-	-	-	432	-	-	-			
Lillo-Robles et al. (2020)	Several species			Mean			-	-	-	361	-	-	-			
				PC	180	0.1 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2.5	-	376	448	532	7.3	6.8	6.1			
				SH DW	180	0.1 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2.5	-	184	304	444	8.0	7.2	6.3			
				SR	180	0.1 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2.5	-	240	440	640	7.2	6.3	5.3			
				Mean			-	267	397	539	7.5	6.8	5.9			
				Plant mean	Pore water			-	-	471	-	-	-			
Invertebrates: Worms																
Konečný et al. (2014)	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	28	0.05 M EDTA, SSR: 1/2.5 (recalculated from SSR: 1/10)	398	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Microorganisms																
Aponte et al. (2021)	Native microbes	ARY	<1	NA M DTPA, SSR: NA	139	-	-	-	-	-	-					

EP: endpoint; TD: test duration (days); SSR: soil/solution ratio. CC: carotenoid content; C_{DGT} : diffusive gradients in thin films measured concentration; native microbes: biological response is attributed to several soil microorganism taxa (i.e., archaea, bacteria, actinomycete, algae, fungi, and protozoa).

ARY: arylsulfatase activity; Chl_a/Chl_b: chlorophyll a/chlorophyll b ratio; ChlTot: total chlorophyll content; EL: epicotyl length; JQ: juvenile quantity; LA: leaf asymmetry; LL: leaf length; NA: not available; PC: plant cover; R DW: root dry weight; SH DW: shoot dry weight; SH L: shoot length; SR: species richness; TLA: total leaf area; WC: water content.

Lillo-Robles et al. (2020): various Chilean field-collected soils with pH 4.9-7.1 and 0.9-8.0% organic matter. This study demonstrates the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.

Aponte et al. (2021): various Chilean field-collected soils with pH 4.7-5.9 and 1.0-2.8% organic matter. This study demonstrates the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.

Supplementary Table 4. Total nickel effective concentrations (EC_x) and the properties of soils under study

Study	SO	Soil properties			Species	EP	TD	Ni_{total} (mg kg ⁻¹)	
		pH	CEC (cmol ₊ kg ⁻¹)	OM (%)				EC_{25}	EC_{50}
Plants									
Dan et al. (2008)	Canada	5.7-6.9	5.0-63	6.0-28	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	28-70	1727 ^a	-
Cioccio et al. (2017)	Canada	4.6-6.1	23-54	9.6-25	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	AY	NA	-	1270
		NA	NA	NA	<i>Glycine max</i> (Soybean)	AY	NA	-	1590
Gopalapillai et al. (2018)	Canada	5.5-7.4	9.7-49	3.6-18	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	NA	-	2269 ^a
						Plant mean		1727	1710

CEC: cation exchange capacity; EP: endpoint; OM: organic matter; NA: not available; SO: soil origin; TD: test duration (days).
AY: Agronomic yield. SH DW: Shoot dry weight; R DW: Root dry weight. ^aMean value for several soils.

Supplementary Table 5. Extractable, soluble, and free nickel ion effective concentrations (EC_x)

Study	Species	EP	TD	Extractant	$Ni_{extractable}$ (mg kg ⁻¹)		$Ni_{soluble}$ (µg L ⁻¹)		pNi^{2+}
					EC_{25}	EC_{50}	EC_{25}	EC_{50}	
Plants									
Kukier and Chaney (2004)	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	5.7	-	
	<i>Beta vulgaris</i> (Red beet)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	6.4	-	
	<i>Beta vulgaris var. cicla</i> (Swiss chard)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	6.2	-	
	<i>Glycine max</i> (Soybean)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	4.6	-	
	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (Barley)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	15	-	
	<i>Lolium perenne</i> (Perennial ryegrass)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	20	-	
	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> (Bean)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	3.5	-	
	<i>Raphanus sativus</i> (Radish)	R DW	31	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	6.0	-	
		SH DW	31	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	7.2	-	
		Mean			-	-	6.6	-	
	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> (Tomato)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	6.6	-	
	<i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Wheat)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	22	-	
	<i>Zea mays</i> (Corn)	SH DW	42	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	6.8	-	
Dan et al. (2008)	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	28-70	0.2 M C ₂ H ₂ O ₄ + (NH ₄) ₂ C ₂ O ₄ , SSR: 1/20	465 ^a	-	-	-	
Gopalapillai et al. (2018)	<i>Avena sativa</i> (Oat)	SH DW	NA	0.2 M C ₂ H ₂ O ₄ + (NH ₄) ₂ C ₂ O ₄ , SSR: 1/20	-	607 ^a	-	-	
				Pore water	-	-	-	-	6.8 ^a
				Plant mean	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	-	-	9.3	-

EP: endpoint; TD: test duration (days); SSR: soil/solution ratio. SH DW: shoot dry weight; R DW: root dry weight. ^a Mean value for several soils. Kukier and Chaney (2004): Canadian field-collected soil artificially adjusted to pH 5.2-7.8 by adding CaCO₃ and MgCO₃; contains 17% of organic matter. The study demonstrates the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.

Supplementary Table 6. Total lead effective concentrations (EC_x) and the properties of soils under study

Study	SO	Soil properties			Species	EP	TD	Pb_{total} (mg kg ⁻¹)						
		pH	CEC (cmol ₊ kg ⁻¹)	OM (%)				EC_{10}	EC_{50}					
Invertebrates														
a. Mites														
Luo et al. (2015)	Netherlands	3.2-6.8	1.8-21	3.8-13	<i>Platynothrus peltifer</i>	JQ	84	658	696					
b. Worms														
Hui et al. (2009)	Finland	NA	NA	NA	Native enchytraeids	SV	33	-	11,030 ^a					
Luo et al. (2014b)	Netherlands	3.2-6.8	1.8-21	3.8-13	<i>Eisenia andrei</i>	SV	28	-	1603					
						JQ	56	1377	1482					
						Mean		1377	1543					
Luo et al. (2014a)	Netherlands	3.2-6.8	1.8-21	3.8-13	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	SV	21	-	638					
						JQ	21	583	645					
						Mean		583	642					
						Worm mean		980	1092					
Microorganisms														
Vanhala and Ahtiainen (1994)	Finland	3.1-4.8	NA	NA	Native microbes	ATP	NAP	-	68,700					
						RR	<1	-	25,000					
						Mean		-	46,850					

CEC: cation exchange capacity; EP: endpoint; NA: not available; NAP: not applicable (field observations); native microbes: biological response is attributed to several soil microorganism taxa (i.e., archaea, bacteria, actinomycete, algae, fungi, and protozoa); OM: organic matter; SO: soil origin; TD: test duration (days).

ATP: ATP content; JQ: Juvenile quantity; RR: Respiration rate; SV: Survival. ^aNot considered for mean calculation.

Supplementary Table 7. Extractable and soluble lead effective concentrations (EC_x)

Study	Species	EP	TD	Extractant	$Pb_{extractable}$ (mg kg ⁻¹)		$Pb_{soluble}$ (µg L ⁻¹)					
					EC_{10}	EC_{50}	EC_{10}	EC_{50}				
Invertebrates												
a. Mites												
Luo et al. (2015)	<i>Platynothrus peltifer</i>	JQ	84	Water, SSR: 1/5	2.2	5.5	-	-				
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	7.2	49	-	-				
				Pore water	-	-	3040	6418				
b. Worms												
Luo et al. (2014b)	<i>Eisenia andrei</i>	SV	28	Water, SSR: 1/5	-	5.5	-	-				
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	-	98	-	-				
				Pore water	-	-	-	5100				
		JQ	56	Water, SSR: 1/5	0.4	0.5	-	-				
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	0.4	2.2	-	-				
				Pore water	-	-	99,000	130,000				
		Mean		Water, SSR: 1/5	0.4	3.0	-	-				
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	0.4	50	-	-				
				Pore water	-	-	99,000	67,550				
Luo et al. (2014a)	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	SV	21	Water, SSR: 1/5	-	1.5	-	-				
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	-	8.5	-	-				
				Pore water	-	-	-	643				

Luo et al. (2014a)	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	21	Water, SSR: 1/5	0.4	0.5	-	-	
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	1.3	1.6	-	-	
				Pore water	-	-	119	126	
		Mean		Water, SSR: 1/5	0.4	1.0	-	-	
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	1.3	5.1	-	-	
				Pore water	-	-	119	385	
		Worm mean		Water, SSR: 1/5	0.4	2.0	-	-	
				0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/5	0.9	28	-	-	
				Pore water	-	-	49,560	33,967	

EP: endpoint; TD: test duration (days); SSR: soil/solution ratio. JQ: juvenile quantity; SV: survival.

Supplementary Table 8. Total zinc effective concentrations (EC_x) and the properties of soils under study

Study	SO	Soil properties			Species	EP	TD	Zn _{total} (mg kg ⁻¹)	
		pH	CEC (cmol ₊ kg ⁻¹)	OM (%)				EC ₁₀	EC ₅₀
Plants									
De Knecht et al. (1998)	Netherlands	NA	NA	NA	<i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover)	SH FW	24	-	347
Smolders et al. (2002)	Belgium	5.5-6.1	17-21	6.0-13	<i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Wheat)	SH DW	21	217	1215
Beyer et al. (2011)	United States	3.8-4.8	NA	NA	Wild shrubs and vines	PC	NAP	-	1350
						SR	NAP	-	4287 ^a
					Wild trees	PC	NAP	-	1740
						SD	NAP	-	2740 ^b
					Wild trees, shrubs, and vines	PC	NAP	-	2060
						Mean		-	2359
Beyer et al. (2013)	United States	3.6-4.2	14-16	8.0-13	<i>Acer rubrum</i> (Red maple)	L FW	126	-	160
						R FW	126	-	180
						Mean		-	170
					<i>Betula populifolia</i> (Gray birch)	L FW	119	-	110
						R FW	119	-	110
						Mean		-	110
					<i>Glycine max</i> (Soybean)	L FW	28	-	160
						R FW	28	-	250
						Mean		-	205
					<i>Pinus strobus</i> (Eastern white pine)	L FW	126	-	970
						R FW	126	-	880
						Mean		-	925
					<i>Quercus prinus</i> (Chestnut oak)	L FW	84	-	340
						R FW	84	-	220
						Mean		-	280
					<i>Quercus rubra</i> (Northern red oak)	L FW	77	-	180
						R FW	77	-	170
						Mean		-	175
Hamelis et al. (2014)	Belgium/France	4.8-7.6	1.0-69	1.7-40	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (Barley)	SH DW	14	-	9820 ^a
							Plant mean	217	1561

Invertebrates									
Spurgeon et al. (2005)	United Kingdom	3.7-7.1	NA	NA	Decomposer community	OM R	6	-	979
a. Springtails									
Mertens and Smolders (2013)	Belgium / United Kingdom	NA	NA	NA	<i>Folsomia candida</i>	R	NA	507	-
b. Worms									
Spurgeon and Hopkin (1995)	United Kingdom	5.5-7.4	NA	9.4-27	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	CQ	21	-	3605
						W	21	-	22,371 ^d
Posthumus and Notenboom (1996)	Netherlands	5.5	NA	1.9-6.4	<i>Eisenia andrei</i>	CQ	21	-	2553
					<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	28	-	205
Spurgeon and Hopkin (1996)	United Kingdom	5.5-7.4	NA	9.4-27	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	W	35	-	3120
						SM	56	-	1860
						CQ	84	-	637
						CQ	140	-	4950 ^d
						CQ	NA	-	3600 ^d
						Mean		-	1872
Nahmani and Lavelle (2002)	France	NA	NA	NA	<i>Aporrectodea caliginosa</i>	FPZ	NAP	-	2000 ^c
Spurgeon et al. (2005)	United Kingdom	NA	NA	NA	<i>Lumbricus rubellus</i>	CQ	70	-	3236
						NRRT	70	-	645
		5.4-7.4	NA	NA		GE	70	-	616
						Mean		-	1499
Mertens and Smolders (2013)	Belgium / United Kingdom	NA	NA	NA	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	R	NA	924 ^a	-
						Worm mean	924	1912	
Microorganisms									
Vanhala and Ahtiainen (1994)	Finland	4.3-7.2	NA	NA	Native microbes	ATP	NAP	-	1550
						RR	<1	-	4000
						Mean		-	2775
a. Bacteria									
Broos et al. (2004)	United Kingdom	5.2-5.7	2.5-4.7	NA	<i>Rhizobium leguminosarum</i> bv. <i>trifoli</i>	N _{diff}	32	-	602
Broos et al. (2004)	United Kingdom	5.2-5.7	2.5-4.7	NA	<i>Rhizobium leguminosarum</i> bv. <i>trifoli</i>	MPN	149	-	204
						Bacteria mean		-	403

CEC: cation exchange capacity; decomposer community: biological response is attributed to several soil organism taxa (i.e., earthworms, isopods, microbes, mites, mollusks, myriapods and springtails); EP: endpoint; NA: not available; NAP: not applicable (field observations); native microbes: biological response is attributed to several soil microorganism taxa (i.e., archaea, bacteria, actinomycete, algae, fungi, and protozoa); OM: organic matter; SO: soil origin; TD: test duration (days).

AS: arylsulfatase stability; ATP: ATP content; CQ: cocoon quantity; EA: enzymatic activity of arylsulfatase, β -glucosidase, invertase, phosphatase, protease and urease; ES: enzymatic stability of arylsulfatase, β -glucosidase, invertase, phosphatase, protease and urease; FPZ: field population size; GE: gene expression (*mt-2*); JQ: juvenile quantity; LFW: leaf fresh weight; MPN: most probable number; N_{diff}: symbiotic nitrogen fixation; NRRT: neutral-red retention time; OM R: organic material removal (feeding); PC: plant cover; PS: protease stability; R FW: root fresh weight; R: reproduction (not detailed); RR: respiration rate; SD: seedling density; SH DW: shoot dry weight; SH FW: shoot fresh weight; SM: sexual maturity; SR: species richness; S-W D: Shannon-Wiener diversity index; US: urease stability; W: weight. ^a Mean value for several soils. ^b EC₉₀ instead of EC₅₀ (not included in the mean). ^c EC₁₀₀ instead of EC₅₀ (not included in the mean). ^d Not considered for mean calculation.

Supplementary Table 9. Extractable, soluble, and free zinc ion effective concentrations (EC_x)

Study	Species	EP	TD	Extractant	Zn _{extractable} (mg kg ⁻¹)	Zn _{soluble} (µg L ⁻¹)	pZn ²⁺
					EC ₅₀	EC ₁₀	EC ₅₀
Plants							
De Knecht et al. (1998)	<i>Trifolium pratense</i> (Red clover)	SH FW	24	0.01 CaCl ₂ , SSR: NA	121	-	-
Smolders et al. (2002)	<i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Wheat)	SH DW	21	Pore water	-	400	6900
				C _{DGT}	-	150	4410
Nolan et al. (2005)	<i>Triticum aestivum</i> (Wheat)	SH DW	16	Pore water	-	-	3.9
Beyer et al. (2011)	Wild shrubs and vines	PC	NAP	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	71	-	-
		SR	NAP	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	186 ^a	-	-
	Wild trees	SD	NAP	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	133 ^b	-	-
	Wild trees, shrubs, and vines	PC	NAP	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	102	-	-
	Mean				120	-	-
Beyer et al. (2013)	<i>Acer rubrum</i> (Red maple)	L FW	126	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	28	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	48	-	-
		R FW	126	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	28	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	56	-	-
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	28	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	52	-	-
	<i>Betula populifolia</i> (Gray birch)	L FW	119	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	19	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	32	-	-
		R FW	119	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	18	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	35	-	-
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	19	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	34	-	-
Beyer et al. (2013)	<i>Glycine max</i> (Soybean)	L FW	28	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	27	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	48	-	-
		R FW	28	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	36	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	76	-	-
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	32	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	62	-	-
Plants							
Beyer et al. (2013)	<i>Pinus strobus</i> (Eastern white pine)	L FW	126	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	160	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	300	-	-
		R FW	126	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	156	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	270	-	-
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	158	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	285	-	-
	<i>Quercus prinus</i> (Chestnut oak)	L FW	84	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	59	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	100	-	-
		R FW	84	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	40	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	68	-	-
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	50	-	-
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	84	-	-

Beyer et al. (2013)	<i>Quercus rubra</i> (Northern red oak)	L FW	77	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	29	-	-	-	-			
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	52	-	-	-	-			
		R FW	77	0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	27	-	-	-	-			
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	50	-	-	-	-			
		Mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	28	-	-	-	-			
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	51	-	-	-	-			
Hamels et al. (2014)	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> (Barley)	SH DW	14	0.0155 M Cohex, SSR: NA	327 ^a	-	-	-	-			
				1 M NH ₄ NO ₃ , SSR: 1/2.5	145 ^a	-	-	-	-			
				0.05 M EDTA, SSR: 1/2.5	3798 ^a	-	-	-	-			
				0.001 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/10	-	-	2388 ^a	-	-			
				C _{DGT}	-	-	2770 ^a	-	-			
		Plant mean		0.01 M Sr(NO ₃) ₂ , SSR: 1/4	62	-	-	-	-			
				Mehlich 3, SSR: NA	95	-	-	-	-			
				C _{DGT}	-	-	3590	-	-			
Invertebrates: Worms												
Spurgeon and Hopkin (1995)	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	CQ	21	Water, SSR: 1/13 to 1/17	21	-	-	-	-			
Posthuma and Notenboom (1996)	<i>Eisenia andrei</i>	CQ	21	0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/10	183	-	-	-	-			
				Pore water	-	-	41,000	-	-			
	<i>Enchytraeus crypticus</i>	JQ	28	0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/10	6.8	-	-	-	-			
				Pore water	-	-	1270	-	-			
		Worm mean		0.01 M CaCl ₂ , SSR: 1/10	95	-	-	-	-			
				Pore water	-	-	21,135	-	-			
Microorganisms												
Lessard et al. (2014b)	Native microbes	EA	<1	0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	5254	-	-			
				ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	4740	-	-			
		ES	1	0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	10,808	-	-			
				ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	14,221	-	-			
		Mean		0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	8031	-	-			
				ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	9481	-	-			
Lessard et al. (2014a)	Native microbes	AS	11	ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	455	-	-			
		PS	11	ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	359	-	-			
		US	11	ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	387	-	-			
		Mean			-	-	400	-	-			
		Microbe mean		ASV: 0.01 M KNO ₃ , SSR: 1/2	-	-	4940	-	-			

ASV: measured by square wave anodic stripping voltammetry; C_{DGT}: Diffusive gradients in thin films measured concentration.

EP: endpoint; NA: not available; NAP: not applicable (field observations); TD: test duration (days); SSR: soil/solution ratio.

AS: arylsulfatase stability; CQ: cocoon quantity; EA: enzymatic activity of arylsulfatase, β-glucosidase, invertase, phosphatase, protease and urease; ES: enzymatic stability of arylsulfatase, β-glucosidase, invertase, phosphatase, protease and urease; JQ: juvenile quantity; L FW: leaf fresh weight; PC: plant cover; PS: protease stability; R FW: root fresh weight; SD: seedling density; SH DW: shoot dry weigh; SH FW: shoot fresh weight; SR: species richness; US: urease stability.

^a Mean value for several soils. ^b EC₉₀ instead of EC₅₀.

Lessard et al. (2014a): various Canadian field-collected soils. The study demonstrates the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.

Lessard et al. (2014b): various Canadian various field-collected soils with pH 3.3-7.1, CEC 15-247 cmol₊ kg⁻¹, and 1.6-70.3% organic matter. The study demonstrates the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.

Nolan et al. (2005): various Australian and United States field-collected soils, with pH 3.6-8.1 and 0.2-20% of organic matter. The study, however, does not demonstrate the impact of a single pollutant on biological responses.